

Article 29 - Hearing Officer

The Board may appoint one of its members, the Board Executive Director or other qualified individual to act as a hearing officer to determine the relevant facts of a particular case and to issue a recommended opinion and order or to determine the relevant facts of a case without making a recommended opinion and order. Hearings before the hearing officer shall be informal. Parties shall be given the opportunity to file exceptions to facts found and any recommended opinion and order. If exceptions to facts are filed, the Board shall hold an evidentiary hearing to determine facts in dispute. If no exceptions to facts are filed, and the case remains unresolved, the Board shall give the parties the opportunity to argue orally before the Board and to submit written briefs. Subsequently, the Board shall issue a written decision.